## Application for Development Permit: Form 3C – Project Information Table for RCS, RCS2, RCS3 and RCT Zones

City of Whitehorse Zoning Bylaw 2012-20

Municipal Address of Proposed Development:				
Zone:	□ RCS	□ RCS2	□ RCS3	□ RCT
Type of Housing:	☐ Single Detached☐ Duplex (two units on one lot)		<ul><li>☐ Duplex (each unit on separate lot)</li><li>☐ Townhouse (each unit on separate lot)</li></ul>	
Gross Floor Area (m²): Sum of the horizontal areas of each storey, measured from the exterior faces of the exterior walls. Excludes garages, attics, balconies, breezeways, carports, porches, and terraces.				

Development Description	Require	ed Zone Sta	andard	Proposed	
Site Coverage: The percentage of the lot	RCS		50%	Area of site coverage =m²	
area that may be built upon, including accessory buildings/structures and decks;	RCS2		50%	Lot area =m <sup>2</sup>	
excluding steps, eaves, cornices, and similar	RCS3		35%	A 6 %	
projections, courtyards, terraces or patios, driveways, aisles, and parking stalls.	RCT		(end units) nternal units)	Area of site coverage ÷ Lot area =%	
<b>Building Height:</b> The vertical distance measured from the average elevation of the finished grade along the front of the building to the highest point of the roof surface.	The maximum height in RCS, RCS2, RCS3, and RCT zones is 10.0 m.			Height =m	
Front Yard Setback: The distance from the front property line to the nearest permitted building or structure.  Corner Lots have different setback regulations. Ask a Development Officer or consult the Zoning Bylaw for corner lot regulations.	RCS RCS2 RCS3 RCT	Min. 4 m 3 m 4 m 4 m	Max. 8 m 9 m 8 m 6 m	Front yard =m	
<b>Side Yard Setback:</b> The distance from each side property line to the nearest permitted principal building or structure.	RCS, RCS2, RCS3, RCT: 1.5 m on both sides*  *Side yard setback may be zero where the building adjoins a dwelling on an adjacent lot.			Side yard =m Side yard =m	
Rear Yard Setback: The distance from the rear property line to the nearest permitted principal building or structure.	RCS         11 m*           RCS2         3 m           RCS3         3 m           RCT         6 m           * may be reduced to 6 m for single storey house		3 m 3 m 6 m	Rear yard =m	

Landscaping: Modifications to enhance the visual appearance of a site by reshaping the earth, planting lawns, shrubs, trees, or preserving the original natural vegetation.	At least <b>one tree or three shrubs</b> must be planted in the front yard.  Landscaping of the front yard must include a <b>suitable ground cover</b> such as grass, washed gravel, bark-mulch, or flower beds. Non-organic material (e.g. washed gravel) may not be used as the sole landscape ground cover.  All homes require a <b>walkway</b> that connects the house to the sidewalk or street. Suitable materials include concrete, paver stones/bricks, or wood.	Number of trees =  Number of shrubs =  The types of ground cover to be used in the front yard:  =  Will a walkway be installed?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
Parking: The dimensions of a typical parking space are 2.75 m x 6.0 m. Length may be reduced to 4.9 m, but minimum area of 16.5 m² is required.  Parking spaces cannot be located within the minimum front yard setback.	A minimum of one space per dwelling unit is required. Driveways and parking spaces, including the area contained within publicly owned road right-of-way, shall be hard-surfaced when the street or lane is hard-surfaced. Where a development abuts a lane, vehicle access is not permitted from the front of the lot.	Number of parking spaces provided  =  Type of hard-surface to be installed  =
Garage: An accessory building or structure or part of the principal building designed and used primarily for the storage of motor vehicles of the occupants of the premises.	Where there is no lane access, front yard garages are permitted, provided that no portion of the garage protrudes past the front face of the building's first storey and any portion of the building above the garage more than 50% of the garage's interior depth. For single storey construction, the garage may protrude an additional 2.0 m.	Do the house plans include a garage?  ☐ Yes ☐ No  Does the garage protrude from the face of the building?  ☐ Yes ☐ No  % of garage protrusion =
Porch: A roofed, open structure projecting from the exterior wall of a building with walls that are open or screened to facilitate use as an outdoor living area.  Patio: Any solid structure meant for support of people or materials out of doors and less than 0.6 m in height.  Deck: A structure more than 0.6m above grade without a roof or walls except for visual partitions and railings for use as an outdoor amenity area.	A porch, patio, deck, or covered entry shall occupy no less than 25% of the front width of a building. For lots fronting two streets, 15% of each frontage, or 25% of one frontage, shall be a porch, patio, deck or covered entry.  Porches, patios, decks, and covered entries must extend a minimum 2.0 m from the adjacent front building façade.	Type of entryway structure:  □ Porch □ Patio □ Deck □ Covered Entry  Front width of building =  Width of entryway structure =  Structure width ÷ Building face width =  Distance which the structure extends from the exterior wall of the building =

Siding Colour: Value means the relative darkness or lightness of colour. Hue means a particular gradation of colour.	Buildings must use a siding colour significantly different in colour hue and/or colour value from those on the two adjacent lots facing the same street.	Siding colour =  Trim colour =  Siding colour of adjacent lots = and
Building Façade: All buildings shall use a minimum of two types of building materials or two colours of the same material in the façade treatment, at a minimum ratio of 80:20. This ratio does not include doors, windows, or garage doors, but should include window and door trim and decorative gable ends.	Acceptable façade materials include, but are not limited to, brick, stone, stucco, wood, composite wood, composite cement, vinyl and metal panel.  Trims must be installed; trim colour must be different than that of siding; trims around windows, doors and other wall penetrations must be a minimum width of 140mm (5.5"); fascia trims must be a minimum 184 mm (7.25") in width; horizontal trims are encouraged between floors and to highlight specific building features and forms.	Primary building material/colour:  = % of the total façade =  Secondary building material/colour:  = % of the total façade =  Will all required trims be installed?  □ Yes □ No
☐ I hereby declare that all the information provide best of my belief true and correct in all resp☐ I hereby acknowledge that all the information distribution.	n provided is considered public information and av	ailable for public viewing and
Signature of Applicant:	Print Name:	Date: