

# Acceptable Identification

## Election Procedures By-law 2021-16

Electors will be required to produce identification at the poll to verify that they are the voter whose name appears on the list of electors.

1. If the elector does not have photo ID such as a driver's license, general identification card or passport, two other pieces of identification showing the elector's name and address shall be deemed acceptable provided that at least one of the alternate pieces of identification:
  - (1) shows the elector's date of birth; and
  - (2) provides proof of Whitehorse residency.
2. If an elector's official identification shows only a post office address, the elector will be required to produce additional documentation to show that they have a residential address in the City of Whitehorse.
3. For the purposes of this bylaw
  - (1) For proof of identity and/or date of birth, the following documents will be deemed acceptable:
    - (a) Canadian birth certificate;
    - (b) Canadian passport;
    - (c) Citizenship and Immigration Canada documents;
    - (d) Secure Certificate of Indian Status card;
    - (e) Yukon driver's license; or
    - (f) Yukon general identification card.
  - (2) For proof of Whitehorse residency, any one of the following current documents will be deemed acceptable as long as it reflects the residential address of the elector:
    - (a) A banking statement or a stamped banking profile from a local bank;
    - (b) A bill showing a service location address (for example, a City of Whitehorse utilities bill, an ATCO Electric bill or a NorthwesTel bill);
    - (c) A City of Whitehorse property tax notice;
    - (d) A credit card statement;
    - (e) Employment confirmation, signed and on company letterhead;
    - (f) An income tax return or notice of assessment (recent or current year);
    - (g) Mortgage documentation;
    - (h) A signed residential tenancy agreement; or
    - (i) Social assistance benefit confirmation.
4. If an elector's birth certificate, valid passport or other such document does not reflect the elector's name as shown on the list of electors, additional documentation will be required for proof of identity. In most instances, the proof of residency documents in conjunction with the identity documents will be sufficient for this purpose.
  - (1) Minor discrepancies in spelling between documents will not invalidate an elector's documentation.

(2) In the event that proof of identity or residency documents are deemed invalid by election officials, electors may still be issued a ballot provided that they sign a solemn declaration that they qualify as an eligible elector.

5. Eligible electors whose names do not appear on the list of electors may be sworn in at the poll.

(1) Eligible electors who do not have the required identification and whose names do not appear on the list of electors may be issued a ballot provided that:

(a) they sign a solemn declaration that they are an eligible elector, and

(b) they are accompanied by an eligible elector whose name appears on the list of electors and who

(i) provides the required identification; and

(ii) vouches for the elector by signing a solemn declaration that the said elector is eligible to vote.

(2) A registered elector may vouch for the eligibility of no more than one unregistered elector.